

Event Table

Q1: The trigger for FROI 00 event on row six of the Event Table says:

The insurance carrier receives a report from an employer, DWC, or any other source, of an employee's absence from work for more than one cumulative or continuous day as a result of a work-related injury. This report is due 7 calendar days after the day the insurance carrier had knowledge of the claim (DN0041).

Employers commonly report injuries to the carrier before the worker exceeds one day of lost time. Although the carrier has knowledge of such a claim (DN0041), the accumulation of more than one day of lost time may occur well beyond the 7-day deadline. Even if reported when required, this FROI 00 would look like its late.

What data will the Texas DWC use to calculate timeliness in this scenario?

A1: DN0041 is not the only data element used to calculate timeliness of EDI reporting for an injury scenario like the one you provided. Other data elements can be considered when lost time does not occur at the beginning of the claim.

Q2: What triggers a FROI UR?

A2: The carrier should file a FROI UR if a Texas DWC claim number exists *and* a new FROI or SROI claim event occurs.

Q3: What do I report when a new FROI event occurs on a Legacy claim without a Texas DWC claim number?

A3: File the appropriate first report of injury (FROI 00, FROI 04, or FROI AU) in the Texas Claim EDI 3.1.4 format. Carefully monitor the response from the Texas DWC for additional information.

Q4: What triggers a SROI UR?

A4: The carrier should file a SROI UR after Texas DWC accepts (TA) a FROI UR *and* a new SROI event occurs.

Q5: What is the trigger for a SROI UI?

A5: Sending a [PLN14](#) to the injured employee and the Texas DWC is the sole trigger for a SROI UI. SROI UI applies exclusively to claims by detention officers, custodial officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians (EMTs), and peace officers asserting a presumption under Texas Government Code Section 607.0545.

Q6: What kinds of lump sum payments (SROI PY) am I required to report?

A6: Look for the five required SROI PY in the *TXDWC SROI Event Table* sheet of the Event Table.

Q7: Does Texas DWC accept SROI FN?

A7: No. DWC did not adopt MTC FROI FN. Use the SROI SX Suspension to indicate that all payments of indemnity benefits have stopped.

Q8: What triggers a SROI PD?

A8: The carrier should report a PD when denying **indemnity benefits in whole** due to the existence, duration, or extent of disability. For this reason, the only valid DN0294 values are A and E.

Here are the two PLN 11 scenarios and the corresponding values that would trigger a PD report:

- DN0294 value A = Denying indemnity in whole, not medical

We, [Name of insurance carrier], reviewed your workers' compensation claim. Based on the facts we have about your claim, we don't agree:

[Check all that apply.]

- ☒ That your work-related injury stops you from getting or keeping a job that pays what you earned before your injury (existence, duration, or extent of disability).
- ☐ That your work-related injury caused some of your medical conditions (extent of injury).
- ☐ That you meet the rules for getting death benefits.

We don't agree because: [Facts that explain the denial]

- DN0294 value E = Denying indemnity in whole, medical in part

We, [Name of insurance carrier], reviewed your workers' compensation claim. Based on the facts we have about your claim, we don't agree:

[Check all that apply.]

- ☒ That your work-related injury stops you from getting or keeping a job that pays what you earned before your injury (existence, duration, or extent of disability).
- ☒ That your work-related injury caused some of your medical conditions (extent of injury).
- ☐ That you meet the rules for getting death benefits.

We don't agree because: [Facts that explain the denial]

Element Requirement Table (ERT)

Q1: What is a legacy claim?

A1: Any injury that the carrier knew about before July 26, 2023. See ERT Legacy Claim Definition.

Q2: How will Texas DWC recognize a legacy claim in reporting?

A2: Reports filed with a DN0041 date before July 26, 2023, are legacy claims.

Q3: Are carriers required to report all Texas Claim EDI 3.1.4 data elements on legacy claims?

A3: Certain data elements are not for legacy claims. Look for DNs with "Do not apply to Legacy Claim as defined in Legacy Claim Definition Tab" noted under EXCEPTIONS column in the ERT.

Q4: I have identified all the legacy claims accepted by Texas DWC that may require reporting after July 26, 2023. Can I file FROI UR and SROI UR in advance of a new event?

A4: Yes. Carriers may file such FROI UR and SROI UR on or after July 26, 2023, if they anticipate that EDI reporting will continue for certain legacy claims. See the ERT for UR requirements.

Q5: Does Texas DWC require the MCO segment on a FROI 00 original report?

A5: Yes.

- DN0207 is mandatory (M). Valid values are:
 - 00 = Non-Network
 - 01 = Political Subdivision Pool
 - 07 = 1305 Certified Network
- DN0208 is mandatory conditional (MC). If DN0207 = 07, then provide the certification number found at www.tdi.texas.gov/wc/wcnet/wcnetworks.html
- DN0209 is mandatory conditional (MC). If DN0207 = 01, then provide the name of the health plan or provider network.

Q6: How do I report an employee address outside the United States?

A6: Report the applicable, non-USA country code in DN0155. Use [ISO 3166 country codes](#).

Edit Matrix

Q1: Does Texas DWC accept T (transgender) and X (nonbinary) values in DN0053?

A1: No. Texas DWC adopted the IAIABC Claim EDI R3.1.4 published January 1, 2021, by Rule. That version of the standard did not include T (transgender) and X (nonbinary) values.

New and Revised Texas DWC Plain Language Notices (PLN)

Q2: When should claim administrators start using the new PLNs?

A2: Start using the following new and revised PLN on July 26, 2023:

- NEW PLN-02B, Notice of First Payment of Income Benefits on an Acquired Claim [English](#) | [Spanish](#)
- Revised PLN08, Notice of Change in Amount of Indemnity Benefit Payment [English](#) | [Spanish](#)
- Renumbered PLN10A, Notice of Reinstatement of Indemnity Benefits [English](#) | [Spanish](#)
- NEW PLN10B, Notice of Lump Sum Payment of Income or Death Benefits [English](#) | [Spanish](#)
- Revised PLN11, Notice of Disputed Issues and Refusal to Pay Benefits [English](#) | [Spanish](#)
- Revised PLN14, Notice of Continuing Investigation [English](#) | [Spanish](#)

Q3: What is the purpose of the new PLN 10B?

A3: Use PLN 10B to notify the injured employee of certain lump sum payments. See *TXDWC SROI Event Table* sheet, PY Lump Sum payment events in rows 24, 25, 26, and 28.

Q4: When is the carrier required to file a PLN in addition to filing a claim EDI report?

A4: To find the events with a requirement to concurrently file a PLN, go to the Event Table:

- TXDWC FROI Event Table sheet, columns N and O
- TXDWC SROI Event Table sheet, columns O and P

Q5: How do I send the new and revised PLN to Texas DWC?

A5: You may continue to send PLN the same way that you did before the implementation of Texas Claim EDI 3.1.4.